**Latest infection status, etc.**

**Trends in the number of new infections**  (Per 100,000 people)
- The trend of increasing new cases of infection has been stronger since November; it has increased more than twice in 2 weeks and has reached a record high.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Nationwide</th>
<th>Tokyo</th>
<th>Kanagawa</th>
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<th>Okinawa</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10/29–11/4</td>
<td>3.96 (4,999) ↑</td>
<td>8.42 (1,172) ↑</td>
<td>4.39 (404) ↓</td>
<td>6.16 (465) ↑</td>
<td>9.57 (843) ↑</td>
<td>9.79 (514) ↑</td>
<td>0.88 (45) ↑</td>
<td>11.36 (165) ↓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/5–11/11</td>
<td>6.35 (8,015) ↑</td>
<td>12.65 (1,761) ↑</td>
<td>7.55 (694) ↑</td>
<td>8.54 (645) ↑</td>
<td>13.45 (1,185) ↑</td>
<td>21.66 (1,137) ↑</td>
<td>1.61 (82) ↑</td>
<td>12.94 (188) ↑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/12–11/18</td>
<td>8.95 (11,296) ↑</td>
<td>16.85 (2,345) ↑</td>
<td>10.59 (974) ↑</td>
<td>11.75 (887) ↑</td>
<td>18.86 (1,661) ↑</td>
<td>29.12 (1,529) ↑</td>
<td>1.80 (92) ↑</td>
<td>16.38 (238) ↑</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Trends in the testing system**  (Number of tests, positive rate)
- The most recent ratio of the number of persons who tested positive to the number of tests is 5.5%, showing an increase.
  * The ratio was a record high of 8.8% at the time of the declaration of a state of emergency (April 6 to 12). The ratio when the number of infections increased in July and August was 6.7% (July 27 to August 2).

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10/26–11/1</td>
<td>138,332 ↑ 3.5% ↑</td>
<td>35,496 ↑ 3.3% ↑</td>
<td>12,069 ↓ 3.4% ↑</td>
<td>5,532 ↑ 7.3% ↑</td>
<td>11,049 ↑ 7.5% ↑</td>
<td>5,878 ↓ 6.8% ↓</td>
<td>5,825 ↑ 0.8%→ → 3,756 ↑ 5.2% ↓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/2–11/8</td>
<td>146,467 ↑ 4.4% ↑</td>
<td>35,724 ↑ 4.0% ↑</td>
<td>15,348 ↑ 3.7% ↑</td>
<td>7,246 ↑ 7.4% ↑</td>
<td>10,821 ↓ 8.7% ↓</td>
<td>4,458 ↓ 1.1% ↓</td>
<td>→ 7,057 ↑ 1.4% ↑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/9–11/15</td>
<td>182,580 ↑ 5.5% ↑</td>
<td>45,644 ↑ 4.7% ↑</td>
<td>15,998 ↑ 5.1% ↑</td>
<td>8,851 ↑ 9.4% ↑</td>
<td>16,483 ↑ 9.7% ↑</td>
<td>→ 8,449 ↑ 17.4% ↑</td>
<td>3,756 ↑ 6.0% ↑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Trends in the numbers of inpatients**  [Number of inpatients (Ratio to the number of secured beds)]
- Inpatients are increasing. The ratio to the number of beds secured for patients has increased and is at a higher level in some regions.

<table>
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<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10/28</td>
<td>3,121 (11.6%) ↑</td>
<td>960 (24.0%) ↓</td>
<td>261 (13.5%) ↓</td>
<td>98 (11.4%) ↑</td>
<td>266 (19.3%) ↑</td>
<td>151 (8.3%) ↑</td>
<td>43 (7.8%) ↓</td>
<td>207 (47.6%) ↓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/4</td>
<td>3,592 (13.4%) ↑</td>
<td>1,042 (26.1%) ↑</td>
<td>245 (12.6%) ↓</td>
<td>148 (17.2%) ↑</td>
<td>366 (26.6%) ↑</td>
<td>215 (11.9%) ↑</td>
<td>39 (7.1%) ↓</td>
<td>187 (43.1%) ↓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/11</td>
<td>4,517 (16.8%) ↑</td>
<td>1,070 (26.8%) ↑</td>
<td>329 (17.0%) ↑</td>
<td>200 (23.3%) ↑</td>
<td>462 (33.2%) ↑</td>
<td>434 (24.0%) ↑</td>
<td>53 (9.6%) ↑</td>
<td>155 (35.7%) ↓</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Trends in the numbers of severe patients**  [Number of inpatients (Ratio to the number of secured beds)]
- Severe patients are increasing with the increase in inpatients. The ratio to the number of beds secured for patients is increasing and is at a higher level in some regions.

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Okinawa</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10/28</td>
<td>290 (8.4%) ↑</td>
<td>121 (24.2%) ↑</td>
<td>24 (12.0%) ↑</td>
<td>10 (14.3%) →</td>
<td>39 (11.0%) ↑</td>
<td>2 (1.1%) ↑</td>
<td>4 (4.4%) ↓</td>
<td>24 (45.3%) ↑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/4</td>
<td>319 (9.2%) ↑</td>
<td>128 (25.6%) ↑</td>
<td>24 (12.0%) →</td>
<td>11 (15.7%) ↑</td>
<td>50 (14.1%) ↑</td>
<td>6 (3.3%) ↑</td>
<td>4 (4.4%) →</td>
<td>19 (35.8%) ↓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/11</td>
<td>388 (11.2%) ↑</td>
<td>154 (30.8%) ↑</td>
<td>23 (11.5%) ↓</td>
<td>15 (21.4%) ↑</td>
<td>91 (25.6%) ↑</td>
<td>11 (6.0%) ↑</td>
<td>4 (4.4%) →</td>
<td>14 (26.4%) ↓</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* "Trends in the numbers of inpatients" are based on the "Surveillance of Status of Care for Patients with Novel Coronavirus Infection and Number of Beds" by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare. In this surveillance, the results as of 0:00 on the presentation date are published. For the number of severe patients, the subject criteria are different from those for the data published before August 14. ↑, ↓, and → indicate increase, decrease, and the same level, respectively, compared to the previous week.
(1) Number of new infections reported

(2) Number of new infections (per 100,000 people) / Percentage of unlinked cases

(3) Test status

(4) Number of inpatients / Number of severe patients

(5) Bed occupancy rate

(6) Number of patients receiving treatment

(Source) ADB Material 1, dated November 19
(1) Number of new infections reported

(2) Number of new infections (per 100,000 people) / Percentage of unlinked cases

(3) Test status

(4) Number of inpatients / Number of severe patients

(5) Bed occupancy rate

(6) Number of patients receiving treatment
(1) Number of new infections reported

(2) Number of new infections (per 100,000 people) / Percentage of unlinked cases

(3) Test status

(4) Number of inpatients / Number of severe patients

(5) Bed occupancy rate

(6) Number of patients receiving treatment

(Source) ADB Material 1, dated November 19
(1) Number of new infections reported

(2) Number of new infections (per 100,000 people) / Percentage of unlinked cases

(3) Test status

(4) Number of inpatients / Number of severe patients

(5) Bed occupancy rate

(6) Number of patients receiving treatment

(Source) ADB Material 1, dated November 19
1. Number of new infections reported

- [ ] 60 years or older
- [ ] 20-59 years
- [ ] 19 years or younger
- [ ] Under investigation
- [ ] Unpublished

(1) Number of new infections reported

- (Thousand people)

(2) Number of new infections (per 100,000 people) / Percentage of unlinked cases

- Number of new infections (per 100,000 people) (left scale)
- Percentage of unlinked cases (right scale)

(3) Test status

- Number of PCR tests performed (left scale)
- Number of test-positive persons / Number of PCR tests (right scale)

(4) Number of inpatients / Number of severe patients

- Number of inpatients (left scale)
- Number of severe patients (right scale)

(5) Bed occupancy rate

- (Hundred people)

(6) Number of patients receiving treatment

- Number of persons under investigation
- Number of patients receiving treatment at social welfare facilities, etc.
- Number of patients staying at home
- Number of patients recovering in accommodations
- Number of inpatients
- Number of patients receiving treatment (per 100,000 people) (right scale)

(Source) ADB Material 1, dated November 1928
①新規感染者報告数
60歳以上の者が20歳から59歳の者に比べて調査中と不明の割合が高い。

②新規感染者数(人口10万人対)/アンリンク割合
アンリンク割合が7057と高く、関連性を示す割合が低くなっている。

③検査状況
PCR検査実施件数が増加し、陽性者数/PCR検査件数の比率も上昇している。

④入院者数/重症者数
入院者数と重症者数の割合が増加傾向にある。

⑤病床占有率
重症者数/確保病床数と入院者数/確保病床数の割合が増加傾向にある。

⑥療養者数
確認中の人数、社会福祉施設等療養者数、自宅療養者数が増加傾向にある。